



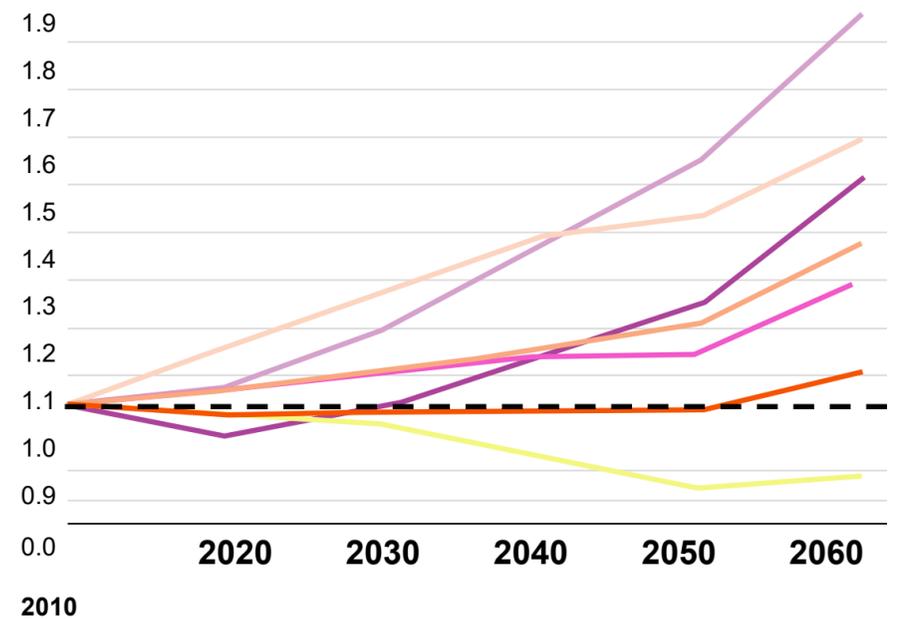
Breathe Cities and the Breathe London Community Programme

Why Breathe Cities

Why air pollution?

Because most pollutant emissions are forecasted to grow by more than 20% from 2010-2060

Annual emissions vs. 2010 baseline (index=1, 2010-2060)

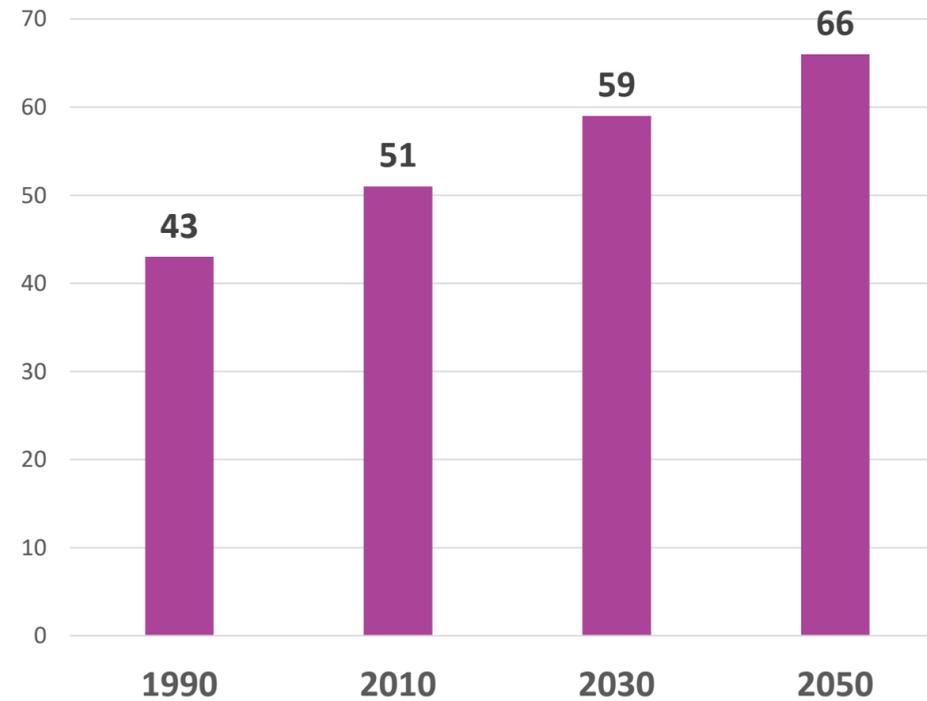


- Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)
- Sulphur Dioxide (SO2)
- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)
- Organic Carbon (OC)
- Ammonia (NH3) Black
- Carbon (BC)
- Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Why cities?

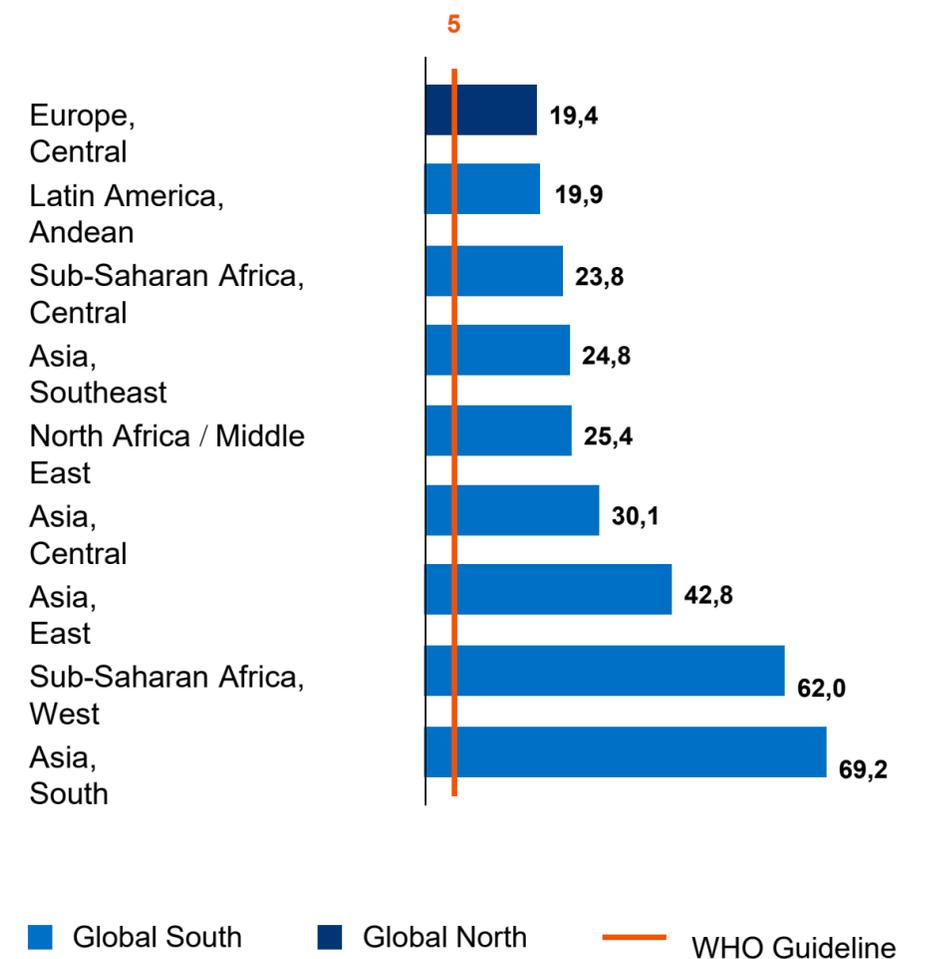
Because the global population in cities is growing...

% global population in urban areas



Global south impact

Regional urban average PM2.5 exposure, 2019 (µg/m³)



Sources: (a) OECD (2016), (b) IHS / 2023 / Global Economy Data and WHO (2016), UN, (c) Health Effects Institute / 2022 / Air Quality and Health In Cities: A State of Global Air Report 2022

Breathe Cities' founding organisations

CLEAN AIR FUND

Clean Air Fund is a global philanthropic organisation that works with governments, funders, businesses and campaigners to deliver clean air for all. The foundation funds and partners with organisations that promote air quality data, build public demand for clean air and drive policy change.



C40 is a global network of nearly 100 mayors of the world's leading cities that are united in action to confront the climate crisis. Mayors of C40 cities are committed to using an inclusive, science-based and collaborative approach to cut their fair share of emissions in half by 2030, help the world limit global heating to 1.5°C, and build healthy, equitable and resilient communities.

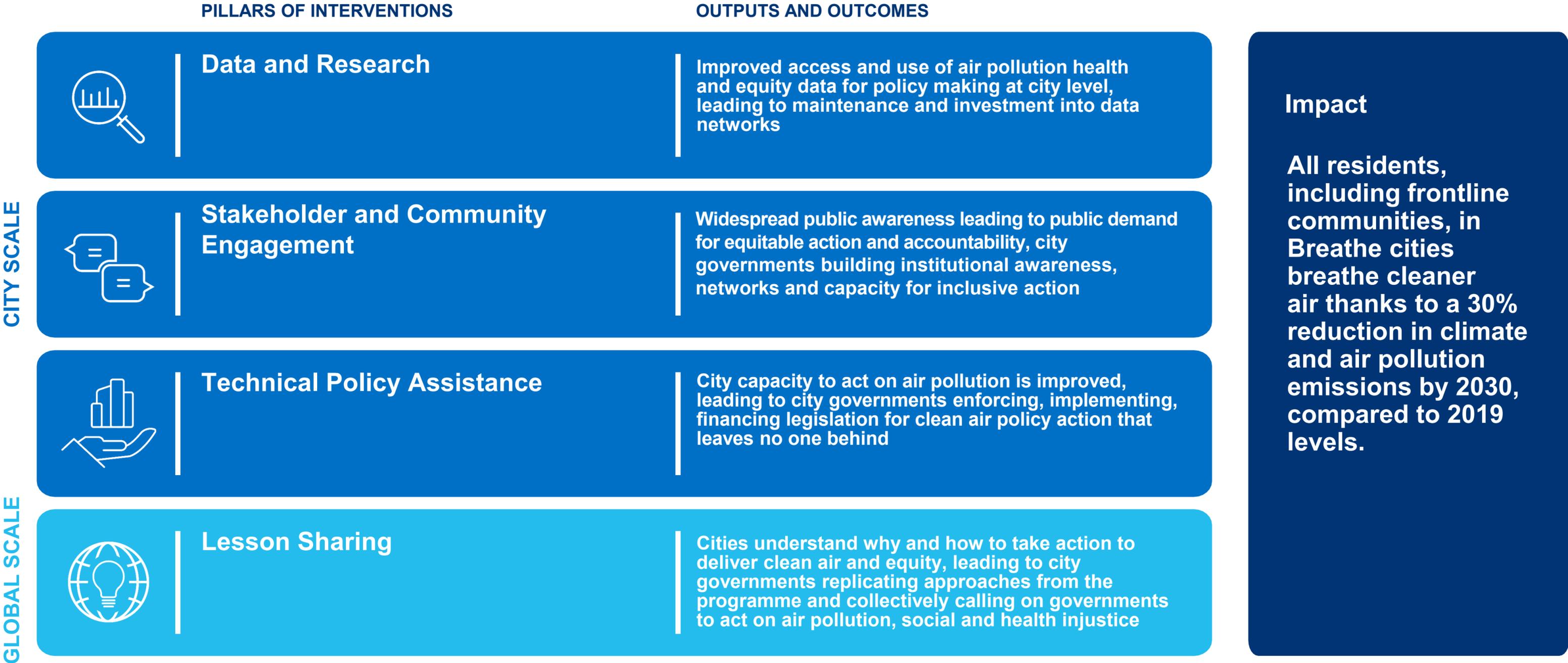
Bloomberg Philanthropies

Bloomberg Philanthropies invests in 700 cities and 150 countries around the world to ensure better, longer lives for the greatest number of people. The organisation focuses on five key areas for creating lasting change: the arts, education, environment, government innovation, and public health.

Where we work



Our Theory of Change



Our ambition

Achieving a 30% reduction in air pollution across participating cities by 2030 would lead to:

55,000

premature deaths prevented

394

megatons

of CO2 emissions cut

111,000

new cases of asthma in children avoided

\$147 billion

in avoided hospitalizations and deaths



Impact so far

START OF PROGRAMME	AVG REDUCTION IN PM 2.5 VS 2019	AVG REDUCTION IN NO2 VS 2019	TOTAL POPULATION AFFECTED
2023	-6.5%	-13%	74.5 Million

DATA AND RESEARCH

1,124

Low-cost sensors deployed

STAKEHOLDER AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

111

Convenings held

TECHNICAL POLICY ASSISTANCE

20

Policies in design

LESSON SHARING

23

Knowledge sharing events held

22

Research reports published

>8,000

People engaged

25

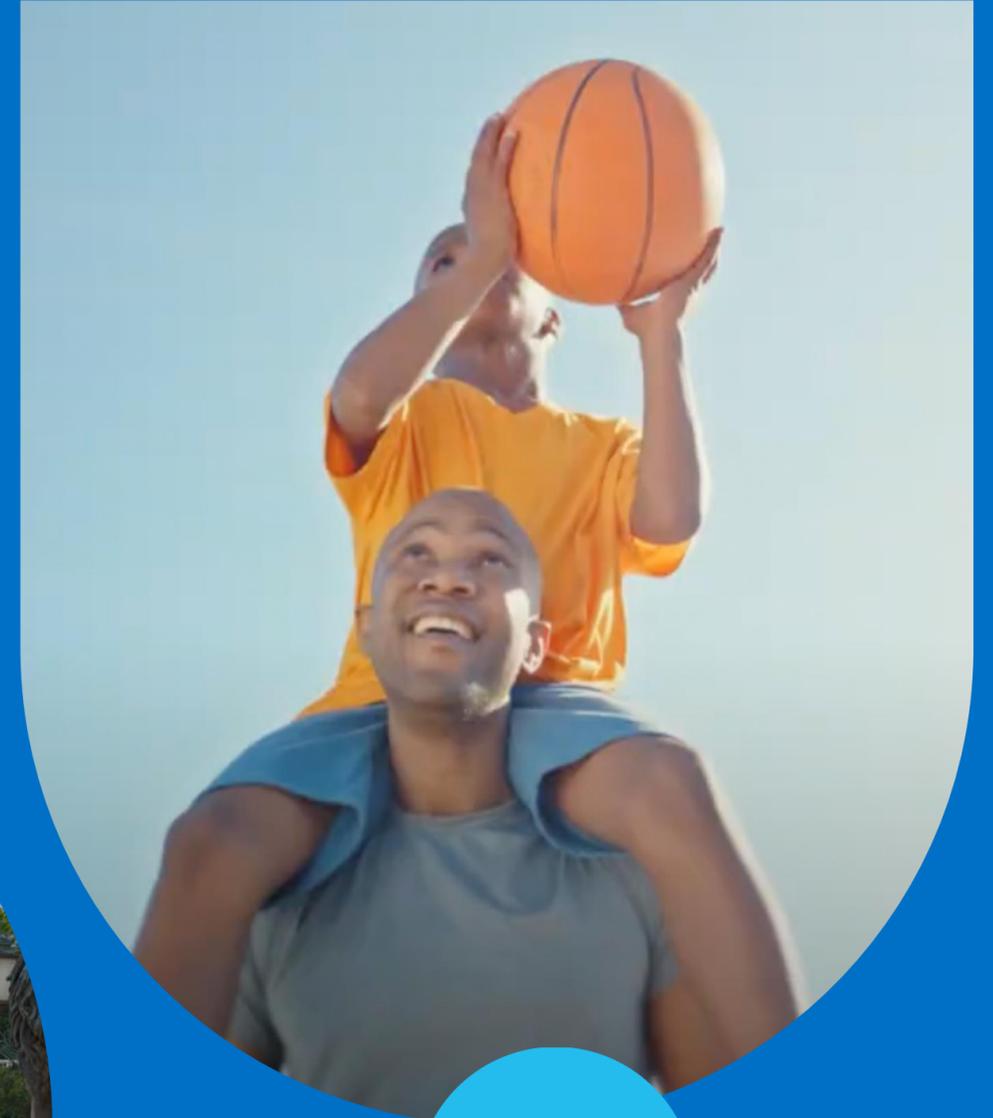
Policies adopted

>300

City officials engaged in knowledge sharing



Case Studies from the Breathe Cities



Breathe Sofia - LEZ for heating and removal of polluting devices

Sofia is charting a new course for clean air in South-East Europe by becoming the first city in the region to introduce Low Emission Zones (LEZs) for both transport and domestic heating.

Backed by the Breathe Cities initiative, the city is pursuing an ambitious vision to halve air pollution by 2030 through a combination of strong policy action, data-driven approaches, and community engagement



Doctors/Health professionals campaigning for air pollution in Sofia



Measuring impact of LEZ on NO2 levels using NO2 Diffusion Tubes under Za Zemiata project, 2023



Low Emission Zone, Sofia, 2024

Breathe Accra

Breathe Accra is inspiring districts in the Greater Accra Region to adopt air quality policies and strengthen collaboration between the government, local districts, communities and other partners to tackle the climate emergency and create a healthier, more inclusive and thriving future for Accra's residents



Common themes and learning across cities

1

City Leadership and Collaboration

Mayoral leadership accelerates action

Cross-sector partnerships (health, environment, transport) drive impact

2

Data drives action

Local air quality and health data make pollution visible

Low-cost sensors empower city-led solutions

3

People-powered change

Awareness campaigns and citizen movement is key to support policy change

4

Health as a unifying message

Framing air pollution as a health crisis builds urgency and public support

5

Affected communities at the core

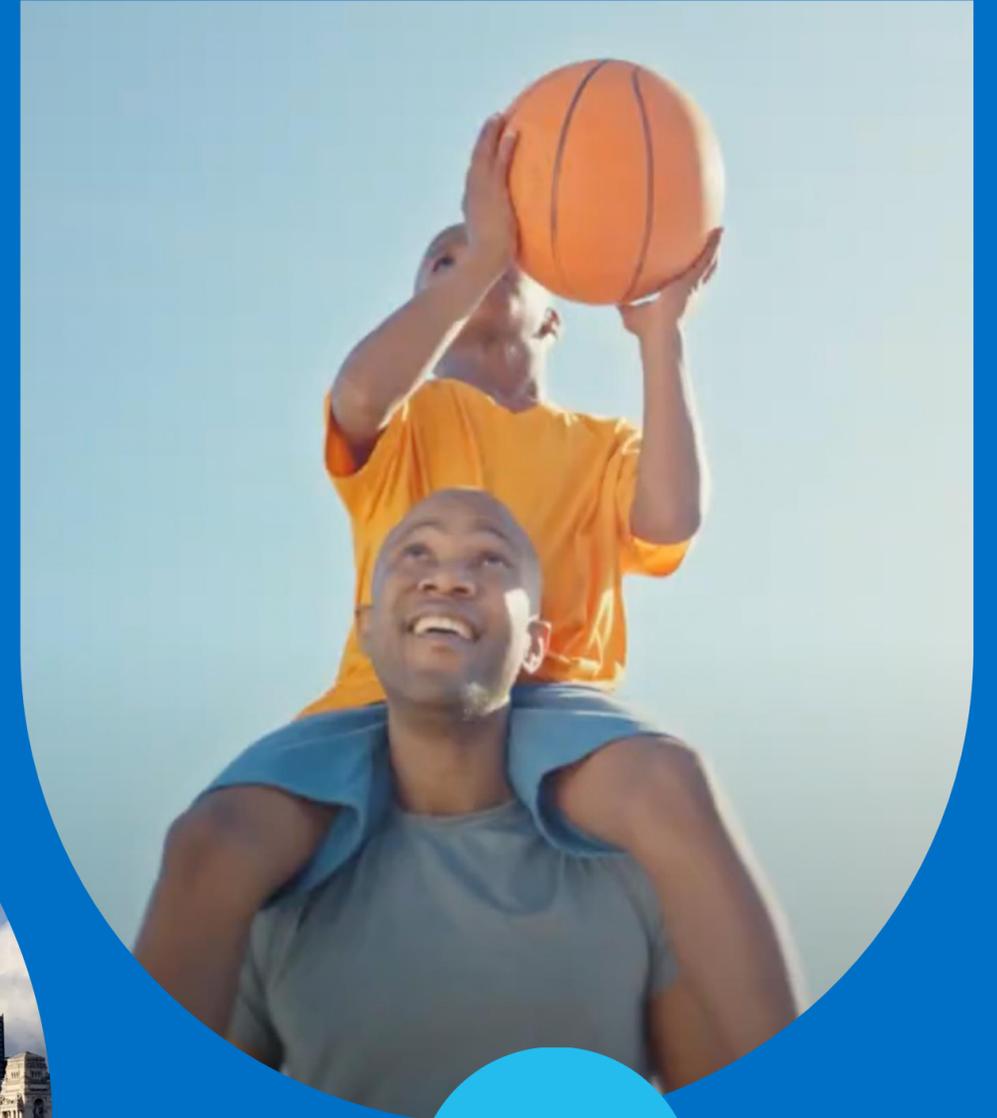
Pollution impacts are unequal—solutions must prioritise cleaner air for the most affected communities

6

Sustainability & scale

Embedding interventions in budgets and sharing lessons enables long-term impact across cities

 **Breathe
Cities**



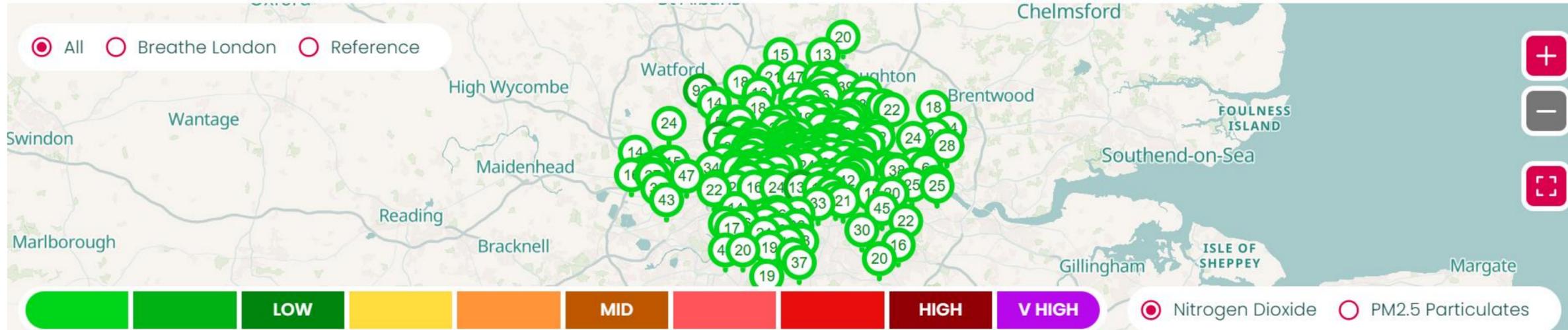
Breathe London





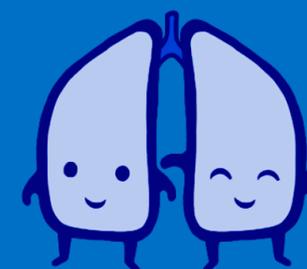
Breathe London

An air quality sensing network, built by Londoners for Londoners



BREATHE LONDON COMMUNITY PROGRAMME

- Supports locally led action using high quality, real-time calibrated air pollution data
- Programme **active since 2021** (Round 1 – 2021, Round 2 – 2022, Round 3 – 2023)
- 30 highly motivated groups driving local air pollution reduction using data from small sensors
- **Co-created** programme aims and support packages
- Developing strategy to overcome **capacity constraints, entrenched power dynamics, inaccessible environmental and health data formats**



Breathe London Communities

A Breathe London Project

The new home of neighbourhood monitoring for London businesses, local government and residents in their communities, from the Environmental Research Group of Imperial College London



What does the future of air pollution in London look like? | 5 News



Environmental Science & Policy
Volume 170, August 2025, 104092

Advancing participatory sensing and knowledge production methods for city air quality governance: Applying the Breathe London Community Programme model

Kayla Schulte, Andrew Grieve, Benjamin Barratt, Timothy Baker, Hima Coonjobeeharry, Mohammed Mead

The New York Times

HEADWAY

People Need Clean Air. To Get It, They Need Clear Data.

The growing availability of low-cost air quality sensors is helping people across the world track air pollution.

communications earth & environment
A Nature Portfolio journal

Comment

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s43247-025-02818-9>

Update air quality management to support meaningful public participation

Karl Dudman, Kayla Schulte & Ruairaidh Dobson

Check for updates



Co-created 'Vision Statements'

Local Priorities

We will build bridges between communities and **decision-makers** (i.e. councillors, council staff, MPs)—**ensuring grassroots data directly informs strategy and legislation**

We want air quality data to be **accessible and actionable** (with **behavioural guidance**) — giving residents the confidence to take informed steps for their **health**.

We want easy-to-use, visual tools that clearly explain local air pollution trends using BLCP data

Programme-Wide

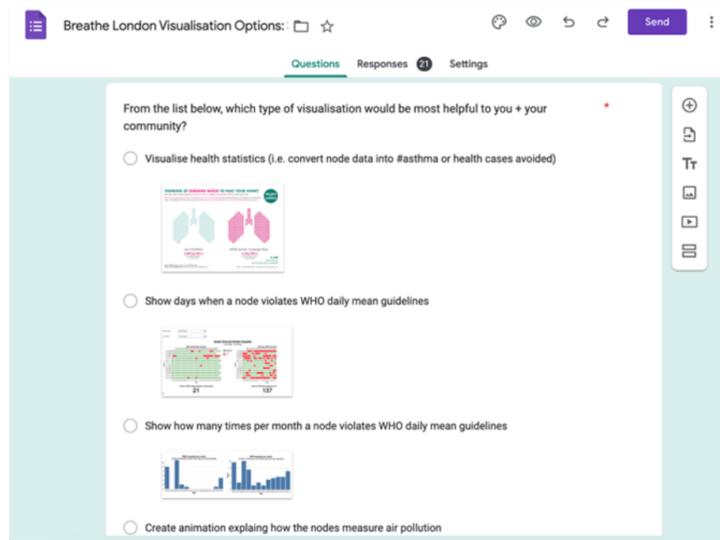
We are committed to securing **long-term funding** for community nodes—beyond 2026 and beyond dependence on one source

We aim to **shape local and national policy** through **community-led air quality data, campaigns, and lived experiences**.

We aim to **align storytelling** with **key public moments**, like Clean Air Night or Ella's Law, to **deepen widespread public engagement**.

Overcoming Barriers to Locally-led Action on Air Pollution

1. **Capacity constraints** → multiple modes for engaging with the programme (online, in person, quick touch surveys)



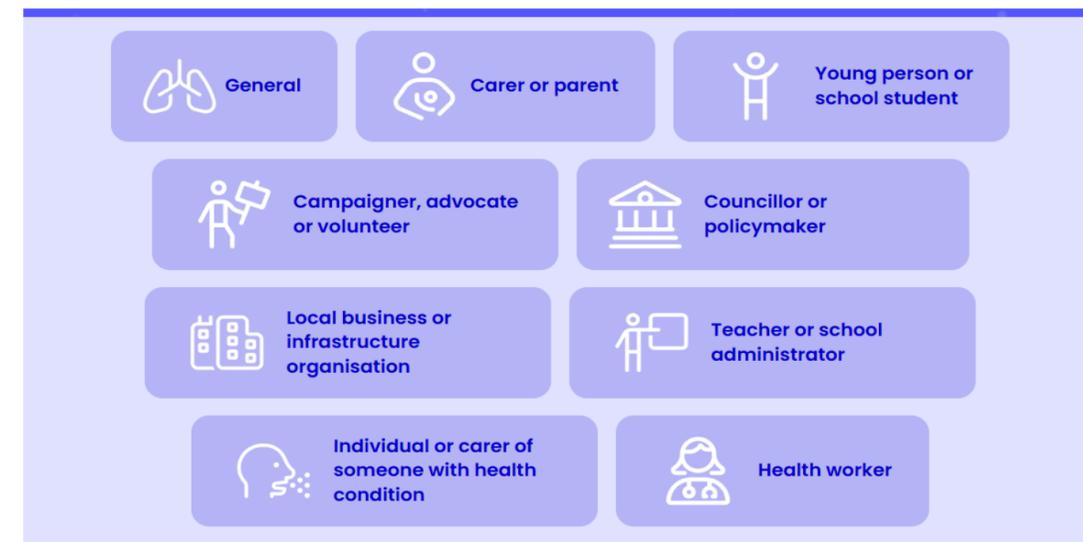
2. **Entrenched power dynamics** → trust building activities, fostering connections with people currently in positions of decision-making power, building experience with conventional air pollution data and policy.



3. **Inaccessible environmental and health data formats** → co-designed mechanisms for communicating data in clear, visually intuitive ways



4. **Actionable messaging and recommendations** → co-created, tailored list of recommendations for key social groups (<https://www.breathelondon-communities.org/what-can-i-do>)



Thank you